King's Convicted Assassin Dies

Claims of Innocence Were Gathering Newfound Support

Rene SANCHEZ
Washington Post Staff Writer

James Earl Ray, the convicted killer of the Rev. Martin Luther King Jr., died yesterday, almost exactly three decades after the assassination and just as his latest claims of innocence were drawing new support from the slain civil rights leader's family and new attention from federal officials.

Ray, 70, had been gravely ill for some time. He suffered from liver disease and had long been confined to a hospital in Nashville. It was from there, in frail health and still serving a 99-year prison sentence for King's murder, that Ray had recently begun to persuade the King family and other civil rights leaders that the assassination was the result of a conspiracy—and that he had been set up to take the fall.

Just this month, in an unusual meeting with Attorney General Janet Reno, King's widow, Coretta Scott King, urged the Justice Department to investigate what she termed "new evidence" that supports some of Ray's claims. The session represented the most serious interest that Washington has shown in looking anew into King's murder since the 1970s, when a congressional inquiry concluded that Ray had shot King as he stood on the balcony of a Memphis hotel in April 1968 but left open the possibility that he had assistance.

In a statement from Atlanta yesterday, the King family said it was "deeply saddened" by Ray's death, reasserted his innocence and vowed to press for a new federal investigation into whether Ray was set up as a patsy in the murder. The Justice Department said yesterday that it was reviewing that request.

"It is regrettable that Mr. Ray was denied his day in court, but the American people have a right to the truth about this tragedy," the statement from the King family said.

But in Tennessee, prosecutors called Ray's death yesterday a "fitting end" to a case that has consumed their attention repeatedly for the past 30 years. State officials recently con-

cluded a four-year investigation into King's assassination, finding that Ray was the killer and that there was no evidence of a conspiracy.

"Mr. Ray has had numerous opportunities over all of these years to put forth his story, and every time he has, it has always been the same garbage," said John Campbell, a prosecutor who has been involved in the

Ray confessed to shooting King in 1969 but/recanted three days later, saying he had been pressured by his lawyer to admit guilt in order to avoid the death penalty. Until King's assassination, Ray was known as little more than a petty thief with a lengthy arrest record.

After his conviction, Ray had made many attempts to win a new trial, and had offered numerous theories on the murder and why his fingerprints were found on the rifle identified as the murder weapon. At one point Ray accused members of King's inner circle of hatching the assassination plot. He also has claimed he was framed by a mysterious gunrunner he knew only as "Raoul."

From his jail cell, Ray also wrote two books on the subject, and his various lawyers have written at least three books on purported plots to kill King. But through the years, Ray has repeatedly altered key details of the alleged conspiracy.

The latest round of controversy over King's murder began last year when the civil rights leader's son, Dexter King, asserted for the first time publicly that he believed Ray was innocent and that the assassination may have been part of a government plot.

Shortly before he made that startling statement, Dexter King had visited the ailing Ray in prison in Nashville and also met with his attorney, William Pepper. In court papers and in a book called "Orders to Kill," Pepper has claimed that King's murder was the culmination of a plot involving the FBL the CIA and the Memphis police department.

Over the years, other civil rights leaders and King associates have raised questions about possible government complicity in the killing because of the intense campaign of harassment that then-FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover waged against King in the 1960s.

Civil rights leader Jesse L. Jackson said yesterday, "The haunting question remains the extent to which our government was involved in the killing of Dr. King."

ing of Dr. King."

But in a new book, "Killing the Dream," author Gerald Posner debunks many of the conspiracy theories surrounding King's death. He also depicts Ray as a criminal and racist who was skilled and resourceful enough to stalk and murder King.

"The did take to his grave, unfortunately, some of the final answers to this case," Posner said yesterday. "The question that has always been with him was, 'Would he get a conscience at the end of his life?" We've found out that the answer is no."

Staff writer Michael Fletcher contributed to this report.



In March 1997, Dexter King, right, son of the slain civil rights leader, met with convict James Earl Ray in Nashville.

By RICHARD PEARSON 4-24-Washington Post Staff Writer

of liver failure April 23 at Columbia Nashville Memorial Hospital in Nashville. leader Martin Luther King Jr., died ed killer of legendary civil rights petty criminal who was the convict-James Earl Ray, 70, a career

sentence for the 1968 slaying, after avoiding a possible death sentence. pleading guilty in March 1969 and conlession, saying he was coerced for liver disease, later recanted his hospitals since 1996 for treatment into pleading guilty. Mr. Ray, who had been in and out of He was serving a 99-year prison

4, 1968, while standing on the balcony of the Lorraine Motel in Memphis. The civil rights leader striking sanitation workers. Memphis to lend his support to and noted preacher had gone to King was killed by a sniper April

seemed to dim the spirit of the cities, including Washington, and racial justice through mulitantly entire country, where King had ignited rioting in more than 100 nonviolent means. by winning stunning victories for become a leading civil rights figure The echoes of that rifle shot

slain president, was gunned down the two 1968 slayings marked a victory in the California Democratin the midst of celebrating his Kennedy (D-N.Y.), brother of the watershed in U.S. history. Only weeks later, Sen. Robert F.

caught. He quickly became a suswith a lifelong list of crimes and a pect in King's slaying after the gun distinct penchant was traced to him and his finger Mr. Ray was an escaped convict gettung



JAMES EARL RAY

pleaded guilty, then recanted

prints were found in the room across from King's motel, was reg room, in a cheap rooming house where the shots were fired. The istered to Mr. Ray.

drove out of Memphis through thorities on a 25,000-mile chase. He death of King and on the day of June 8, 1968, two months after the to Britain, Portugal and back to Atlanta to Canada, where he got police roadblocks; took a bus from London's Heathrow Airport on Britain: He was apprehended at false identification papers; then iled Kennedy's funeral. Mr. Ray managed to lead

noted Texas trial lawyer. instead hired Percy Foreman, and returned to the United States before his trial was to begin and He fired his first attorney the day He eventually waived extradition

ing and that the media had already convicted him. A trial could well end with a death sentence, but a guilty plea would result in a life plead guilty to the shooting, saying sentence. that the evidence was overwhelm-Foreman persuaded Mr. Ray to

and, three days later, tried to recant incarceration. and disturbed decades-long prison his story. He also began a tortured der, got a 99-year prison sentence Mr. Ray pleaded guilty to mur-

once receiving 22 stab wounds. several times by fellow inmates Over the years, he was attacked

modern memory. one of the greatest manhunts in eluding authorities for 54 hours before being recaptured in another Mountain Prison in Tennessee, Once, he escaped from Bushy

story about the assassination, at he acted alone. By 1974, at his first parole hearing, he said he had not killed King at all. He did not win conspiracy and other times saying times saying that he was part of a Mr. Ray constantly changed his

gations were people who really did of President John F. Kennedy. in Europe. King's killing eventually or the subsequent chase that ended masterminded the shooting of King an inept petty criminal could have investigators questioned whether ers, journalists and congressional not like Mr. Ray. Civil rights lead-Ray's calls for new trials or investiacy, much as did the assassination took on the air of a possible conspir-Many of those supporting Mir

Scott King, recently called for a new trial. Dexter King, one of the Kings King family. King's widow, Coretta Mr. Ray and the shooting were the Among those with doubts about

> nation. enough to mastermind the assassiership Conference, who said he E. Lowery, Jr., a founder of the King-led Southern Christian Leadand said he was convinced that Mr. Ray did not kill his father. Other never believed Mr. Ray was smart four children, met Mr. Ray in 1997 doubters included the Rev. Joseph

and was a high school dropout. He suspended sentence in Los Angeles. and nearby Missouri and received a served prison sentences in Illinois robbed gas stations and stores, Mr. Ray was born in Alton, III.

great escapes. comically inept criminal who, when imprisoned, spent his time planning him painted a portrait of an almost Over the years, those who knew

90-day jail sentence for stealing a chased and fell through a basement er ended ingloriously after he was typewriter. been in 1950, when he received a window. The second may have 1949, when his holdup of a cabdriv-His first criminal failure was in

store after dropping his wallet on cleaning establishment, he fled the other time, while robbing a drytaxi, to escape a crime scene. Aninto a police car, thinking it was a cluded an incident in which he leapt self on the glass he had broken to enter the building. the floor and severely cutting him-Later brushes with the law in-

prison wall on a makeshift ladder. serious injury when he fell on his nearly suffocate himself in a heating several attempts, once managing to also were unsuccessful. He made head after climbing halfway up a vent and another time receiving a His early prison escape attempts

from the Missouri State Peniten-But, in April 1967, he escaped

> sons, studied bartending, had plas where he took more dancing les as a busboy, Birmingham, where he cluded Chicago, where he worked as it was later reconstructed, in tic surgery done on his nose and dancing lessons; and Los Angeles, obtained a driver's license and took tiary in Jefferson City. His odyssey underwent hypnosis.

He also made stops in Louisiana, Birmingham and bought two rifles at a marine supply store. The second operations masterminded claimed he took part in smuggling Atlanta and Canada, where he hospital in 1996 with liver ailments. on in Nashville when he entered the gun was the deer rifle believed to March 1968, Mr. Ray was back in "blond Latin" named Raoul In late Riverbend Maximum Security Pris Ray had been serving his sentence at have been used to slay King. Mr by a

angel, because he's been in trouble. to sit here and say James is an justice of Mr. Ray dying of cirrhosis family knows he's innocent." Jerry, told reporters: "I'm not going The family still supports him. The On Dec. 24, 1996, his brother The brother also deplored the

never drunk alcohol or smoked of the liver, as he supposedly had